## AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 5, 1999

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-1999-2000 REGULAR SESSION

# ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1161

# **Introduced by Assembly Member Soto**

February 25, 1999

An act to amend Section 14006.3 Sections 14006.3 and 14006.4 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to health.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1161, as amended, Soto. Medi-Cal: nursing facilities.

Existing law provides for the Medi-Cal program, administered by the State Department of Health Services, under which qualified low-income persons are provided with health care services. Services provided under the Medi-Cal program include skilled nursing and intermediate care facility services provided by nursing facilities.

Existing law requires the department and any nursing facility, at the time of either application for Medi-Cal benefits or of the assessment of the resources of a married couple when one spouse is institutionalized, prior to admitting any person, to provide a clear and simple statement, in writing, to the applicant or recipient, to his or her spouse, and to his or her responsible relative, explaining how Medi-Cal eligibility requirements affect their separate and community property.

This bill would no longer require this statement to be provided to a responsible relative, but would require it to be provided to the legal representative *or agent, if any,* of the

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applicant or recipient. It would also -require revise the statement to explain what assets are exempt and nonexempt from consideration in determining Medi-Cal eligibility, under what circumstances the interest in a home may be transferred, and provisions relating to the community spouse resource allowance and the monthly minimum maintenance needs allowance the asset and income requirements of the Medi-Cal program including, but not limited to, certain exempt assets, certain protections against spousal impoverishment, and certain circumstances under which an interest in a home may be transferred without affecting *Medi-Cal eligibility.* 

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

#### SECTION 1. Section 14006.3 of the Welfare and

- 2 SECTION 1. It is the intent of the Legislature to 3 update existing law so that the State Department of 4 Health Services and each nursing facility are required to
- 5 provide all incoming purging facility regidents and their
- 5 provide all incoming nursing facility residents and their 6 representatives with an accurate summary of the law
- 7 governing Medi-Cal reimbursement for nursing facility
- 8 care.

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- 9 SEC. 2. Section 14006.3 of the Welfare and Institutions 10 Code is amended to read:
- 11 14006.3. The department, at the time of application or
- 12 the assessment pursuant to Section 14006.6, and any 13 nursing facility shall enrolled as a provider in the
- 14 Medi-Cal program, prior to admitting any person, shall
- 14 *Medi-Cal program*, prior to admitting any person, *shall* 15 provide a clear and simple statement, in writing, in a form
- 16 and language specified by the department, to that person,
- 17 and that person's spouse and responsible relative which,
- 18 legal representative, or agent, if any, that explains how
- 19 Medi-Cal eligibility requirements affect their separate
- 20 and community property the asset and income
- 21 requirements of the Medi-Cal program including, but not
- 22 limited to, certain exempt assets, certain protections
- 23 against spousal impoverishment, and certain

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circumstances under which an interest in a home may be transferred without affecting Medi-Cal eligibility.

SEC. 3. Section 14006.4 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

statement required by 14006.4. (a) The Sections 14006.2 and 14006.3 shall be in the following form:

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# "NOTICE REGARDING SEPARATE AND **COMMUNITY PROPERTY AND ELIGIBILITY FOR** MEDI-CAL STANDARDS FOR MEDI-CAL **ELIGIBILITY**

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If you or your spouse is in or is entering Long-Term Care a nursing facility, read this important message!

You both or your spouse do not have to use all your resources, such as savings, before Medi-Cal might help pay for all or some of the long-term care costs of a nursing facility.

You should be aware of the following to take advantage of this provision these provisions of the law:

If you and your spouse have a written property agreement (Interspousal Agreement) dividing your community property into equal shares, only the spouse in 24 long-term care has to spend his or her resources down to 25 the Medi-Cal property limit before Medi-Cal might help pay for nursing home costs. The at-home spouse's share of the resources does not have to be used.

Even if you do not have a written agreement, the county welfare department will automatically divide your community property for Medi-Cal purposes at the time the long-term care spouse applies for Medi-Cal. This automatic division is computed as of the date the spouse entered long-term care.

A spouse in long-term care may transfer all his or her 35 interest in the home to the at-home spouse without affecting Medi-Cal eligibility.

The Medi-Cal program assumes that all of a married couple's income is community income, so it can be divided into equal shares when one spouse is in long-term care. However, if the spouse at home receives more than **AB 1161** - 4 —

half of the couple's community property income in his or her own name, the spouse at home may keep the larger share.

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## UNMARRIED RESIDENT

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An unmarried resident is financially eligible for Medi-Cal benefits if he or she has less than (insert amount of individual's resource allowance) in available assets. A 10 home is an exempt asset and is not considered against the asset limit, as long as the resident states on the Medi-Cal application that he or she intends to return home. 13 Clothes, household furnishings, irrevocable burial plans, 14 burial plots, and an automobile are examples of other 15 exempt assets.

If an unmarried resident is financially eligible for 17 Medi-Cal reimbursement, he or she is allowed to keep 18 from his or her monthly income a personal allowance of 19 (insert amount of personal needs allowance) plus the 20 amount of health insurance premiums paid monthly. The remainder of the monthly income is paid to the nursing 22 facility as a monthly deductible called the "Medi-Cal share of cost."

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#### **MARRIED RESIDENTS**

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If one spouse lives in a nursing facility, and the other spouse does not live in a nursing facility, the Medi-Cal program will pay some or all of the nursing facility costs as long as the couple together does not have more than amount of Community Spouse 32 Allowance plus individual's resource allowance) in available assets. The couple's home will not be counted (insert amount of Community 34 against this Spouse 35 Resource Allowance plus individual's resource 36 allowance), as long as one spouse or a dependent relative, 37 or both, lives in the home, or the spouse in the nursing 38 facility states on the Medi-Cal application that he or she 39 intends to return to the couple's home to live.

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If a spouse is eligible for Medi-Cal payment of nursing 2 facility costs, the spouse living at home is allowed to keep a monthly income of at least his or her individual monthly amount 4 income (insert of Minimum 5 Maintenance Needs Allowance), whichever is greater. Of 6 the couple's remaining monthly income, the spouse in the nursing facility is allowed to keep a personal allowance of 8 (insert amount of personal needs allowance) plus the 9 amount of health insurance premiums paid monthly. The 10 remaining money, if any, generally must be paid to the nursing facility as the Medi-Cal share of cost. The Medi-Cal program will pay remaining nursing facility 12 13 costs.

14 Under certain circumstances, an at-home spouse can 15 obtain an order from an administrative law judge that will 16 allow the at-home spouse to retain additional resources or income. Such an order can allow the couple to retain 17 18 *more* than (insert amount of Community 19 Resource Allowance individual's plus resource 20 allowance) in available resources, if the income that 21 could be generated by the retained resources would not 22 cause the total monthly income available to the at-home 23 spouse to exceed (insert amount of Monthly Maintenance 24 Needs Allowance). Such an order also can allow the 25 at-home spouse to retain more than (insert amount of 26 Monthly Maintenance Needs Allowance) in monthly 27 income, if the extra income is necessary "due to exceptional circumstances resulting insignificant 29 financial duress."

An at-home spouse also may obtain a court order to 31 increase the amount of income and resources that he or she is allowed to retain, or to transfer property from the spouse in the nursing facility to the at-home spouse. You 34 should contact a knowledgeable attorney for further information regarding court orders.

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The paragraphs above do not apply if both spouses live 37 in a nursing facility and neither previously has been granted Medi-Cal eligibility. In this situation, the spouses may be able to hasten Medi-Cal eligibility by entering agreement that divides their community **AB 1161** -6-

property. The advice of a knowledgeable attorney should be obtained prior to the signing of this type of agreement.

Note: For married couples, the resource limit ((insert amount of Community Spouse Resource Allowance plus 5 individual's resource allowance) in (insert current year)) 6 and income limit ((insert amount of Minimum Monthly Maintenance Needs Allowance) in (insert current year)) generally increase a slight amount on January 1 of every vear.

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#### TRANSFER OF HOME

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A transfer of a property interest in a resident's home 14 will not cause ineligibility for Medi-Cal reimbursement if 15 both of the following conditions are met:

- (a) At the time of transfer, the recipient of the property interest states in writing that the resident would 18 have been allowed to return to the home at the time of 19 the transfer, if the resident's medical condition allowed him or her to leave the nursing facility.
- (b) The home is transferred to one of the following 22 individuals:
  - (1) The resident's spouse.
  - (2) The resident's minor or disabled child.
- (3) A sibling of the resident who has an equity interest 26 in the home, and who resided in the resident's home for at least one year immediately before the resident began living in institutions.
- (4) A son or daughter of the resident who resided in 30 the resident's home at least two years before the resident began living in institutions, and who provided care to the 32 resident that permitted the resident to remain at home longer.

This is only a brief description of the Medi-Cal 35 eligibility rules, for more detailed information, you should 36 call your county welfare department. You will probably want to consult with the local branch of the state long-term care ombudsman, an attorney, or a services program for seniors in your area.

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1 I have read the above notice and have received a copy. 2 Dated: \_\_\_\_\_ Signature: \_\_\_\_\_\_" 3

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- (b) The statement required by subdivision (a) shall be printed in at least 10-point type, shall be clearly separate from any other document or writing, and shall be signed by the person to be admitted and that person's spouse, and any responsible relative.
- (c) Any nursing facility that willfully fails to comply 10 with this section shall be subject to a class "B" citation, as defined by Section 1424 of the Health and Safety Code.
  - (d) The department may revise this statement necessary to maintain its consistency with state federal law.
  - (e) (1) This section shall apply to institutionalized spouses only if Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396 et seq.) is amended to authorize the consideration of state community property law in determining eligibility under this chapter, or the federal government authorizes the state to apply community property laws in making that determination.
  - (2) The department shall report to the appropriate committees of the Legislature upon the occurrence of the amendment of federal law or the receipt of federal authorization to apply community property law as specified in paragraph (1).

Institutions Code is amended to read:

14006.3. The department, at the time of application or the assessment pursuant to Section 14006.6, and any nursing facility shall, prior to admitting any person, provide a clear and simple statement, in writing, in a form and language specified by the department, to that person and to that person's spouse, if any, and to that person's legal representative or agent, if any, that explains how 35 Medi-Cal eligibility requirements affect their property 36 including, but not limited to, what assets are exempt and nonexempt from consideration in determining Medi-Cal eligibility, under what circumstances the interest in a home may be required to be transferred, and provisions **AB 1161** 

- 1 relating to the community spouse resource allowance and 2 the monthly minimum maintenance needs allowance.